

Marcellus Shale

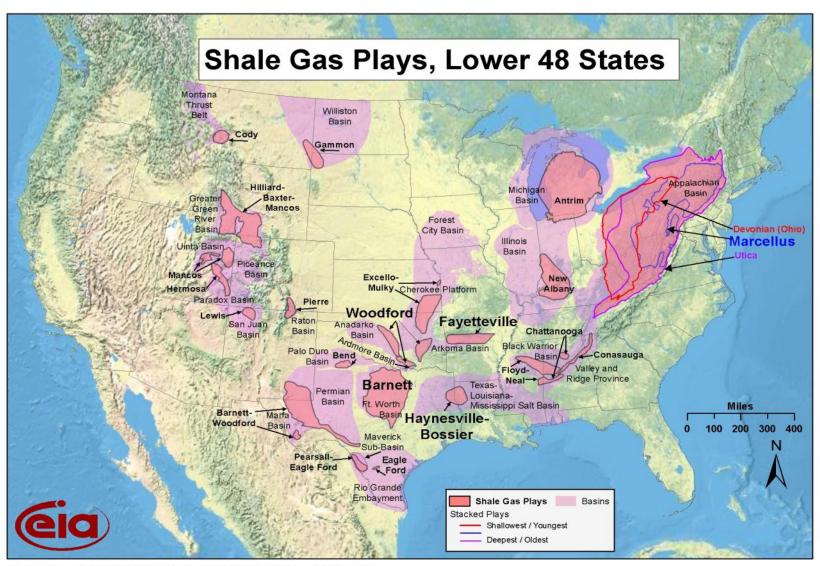
2014

Range Resources

- Natural gas production company
- Included in S&P 500
- Regional Headquarters in Canonsburg, PA
- Pioneered Marcellus Shale, 2004
- More than \$3 billion invested in Pennsylvania



North American Shale Plays



Source: Energy Information Administration based on data from various published studies. Updated: March 10, 2010

What is the Marcellus Shale?

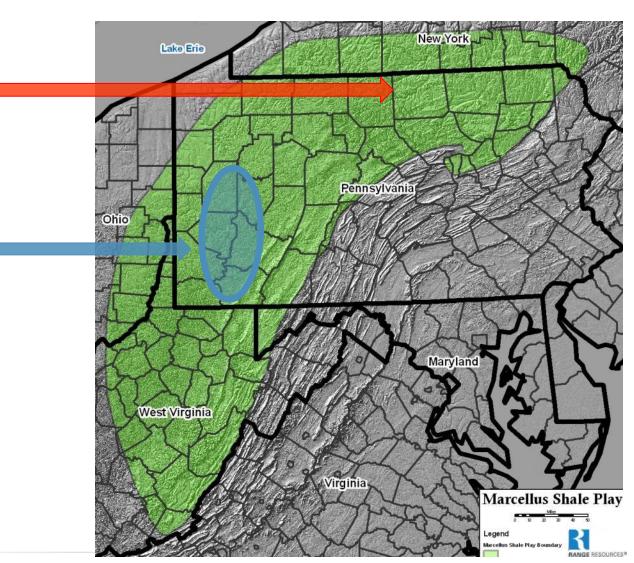


- Large, natural gas rich, marine shale formation
- Spans across tens of million of acres
- Natural gas and hydrocarbons are trapped inside the solid shale

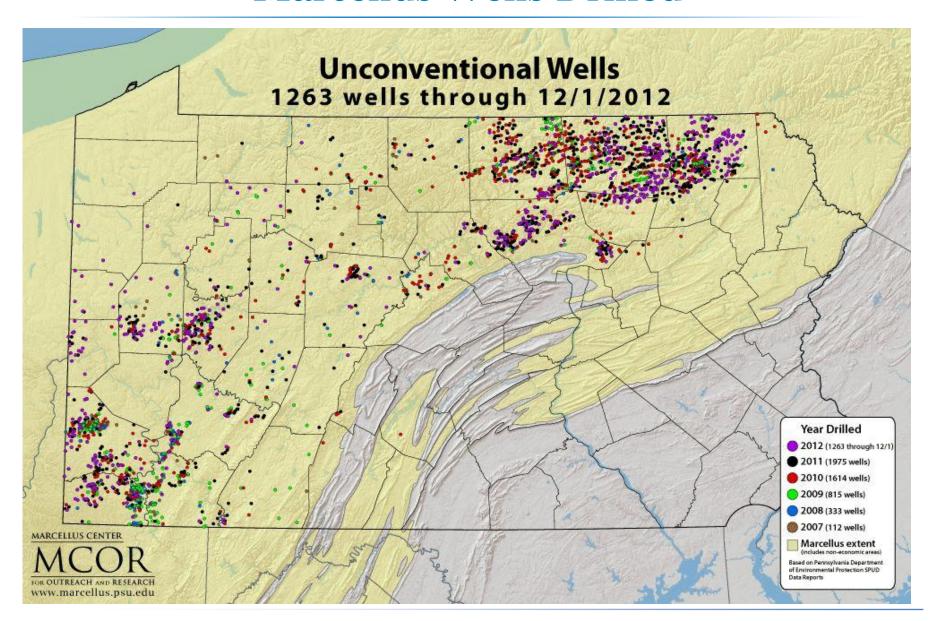
Marcellus Shale Play

Not all of the Marcellus will produce the same...

Size of the Barnett
Shale, which provides
5% of US natural gas



Marcellus Wells Drilled



Marcellus Shale Development

State-of-the-art Technology - Proven Approach - Industry Expertise









Preparation

Drilling

Completion

Production

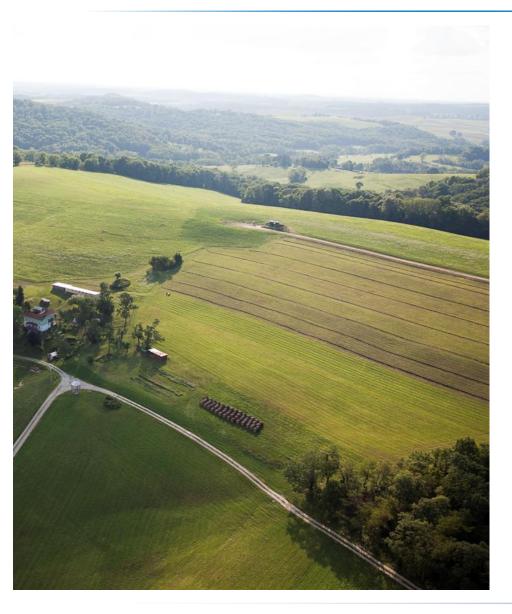
Preparation



Geoscientists determine drilling locations

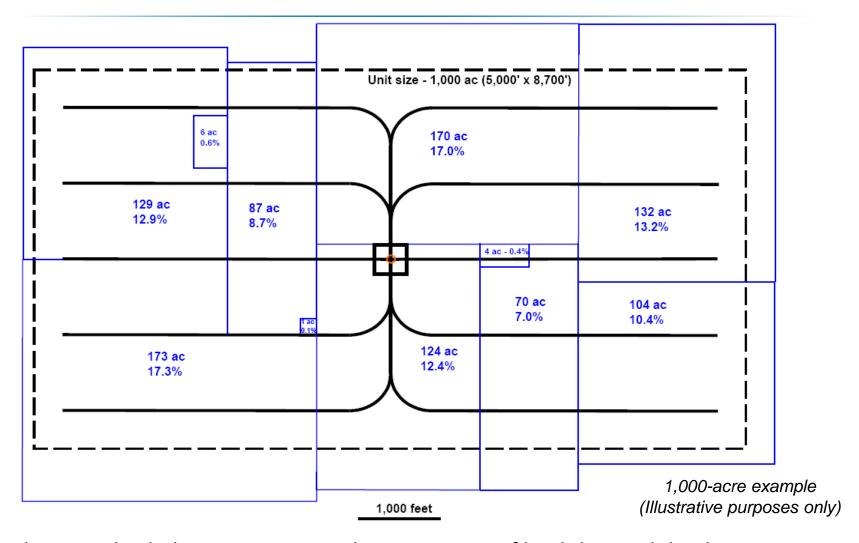
- 3-D seismic measurements
- Surface, sub-surface maps
- State-of-the-art **Technology**

Leases are Acquired



- Oil & gas owners (frequently the surface owner) are offered compensation for leasing rights to their property
- In addition to initial lease payment, oil & gas owners also receive royalties on natural gas sold from the wells in their unit

Unitization



Royalties are divided in proportion to the percentage of land that each land tract contributes to the total unit.

Pre-Drilling

Prior to receiving a permit...

- Required to do a full biological and endangered species evaluation of the area.
- Required to pre-test all waters sources within 1,500 feet of a new well site before construction. Range typically tests all water sources within 3,000 feet.



Site Preparation



Drilling



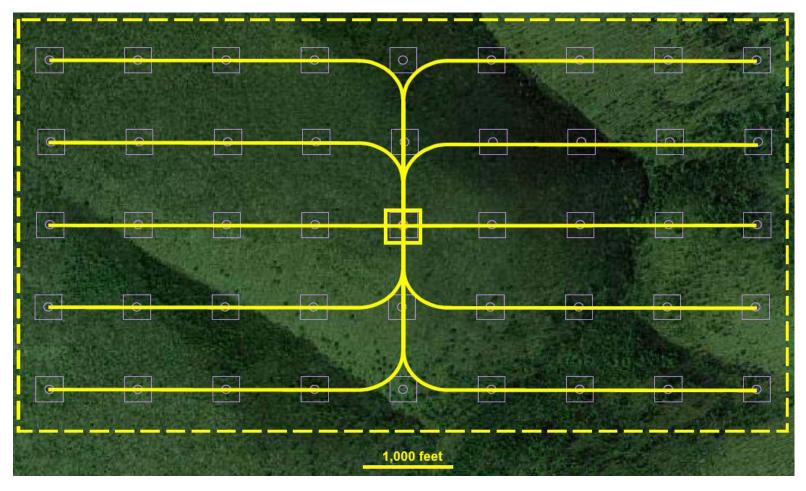
- State-of-the-art technology
- Multiple wells, single site
- Footprint is 4-6 acres
- Each well takes 3-4 weeks to drill on average

Utilize two rigs: Vertical and Horizontal





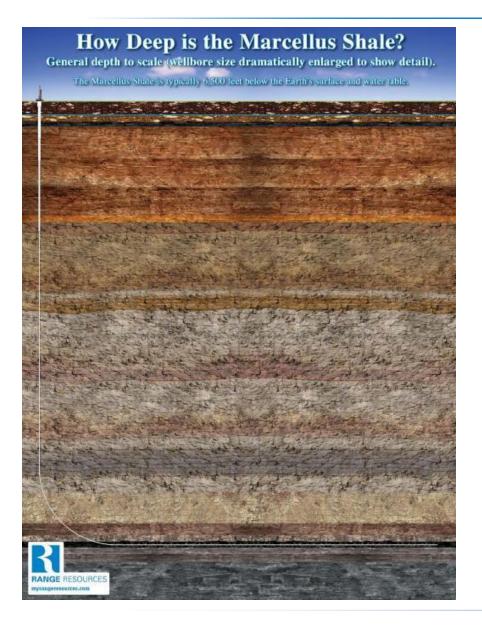
Horizontal Drilling



Total surface disturbance during drilling, including access road, drilling pad and required pipeline infrastructure:

• Horizontal (yellow) develop 640 acres per pad with less than 1% surface disturbance

Horizontal Technology



- Drill 5,000-8,000' vertical up to 3,000' horizontal
- Roughly 2 miles of drilling, spot-on accuracy
- Reduce surface disturbance, with less environmental impact

Building the Curve

How Do You "Drill Horizontal"

Small bend in drilling motor assembly, roughly 1-2°, drills the curve over the course of 900′, at a rate of 10° per 100′ to achieve a 90° turn horizontally.

It's not abrupt, rather a gradual sweeping motion.



Drill Bits



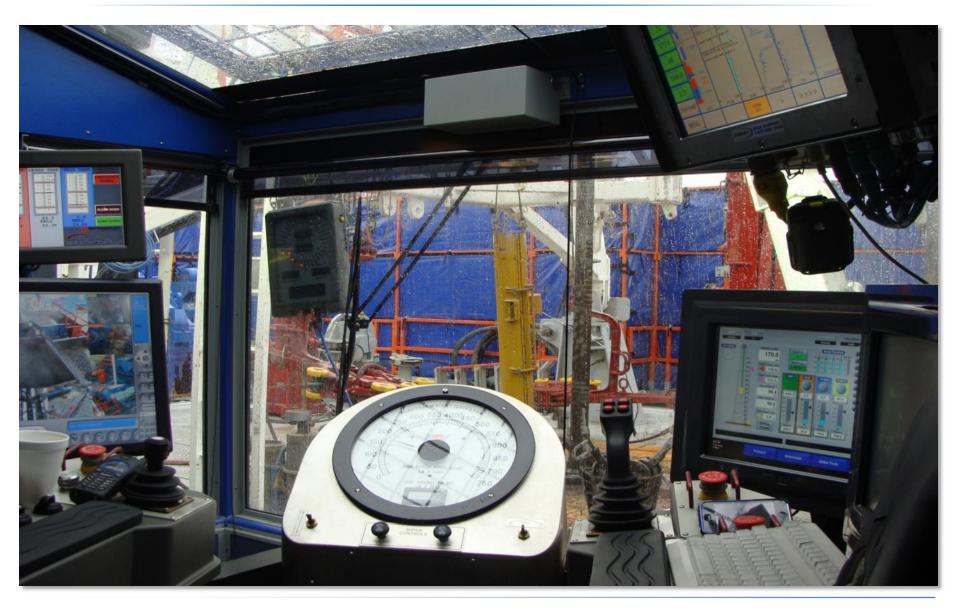


- Used for specific types of drilling
- Can vary depending on rock formation

Closed-Loop System



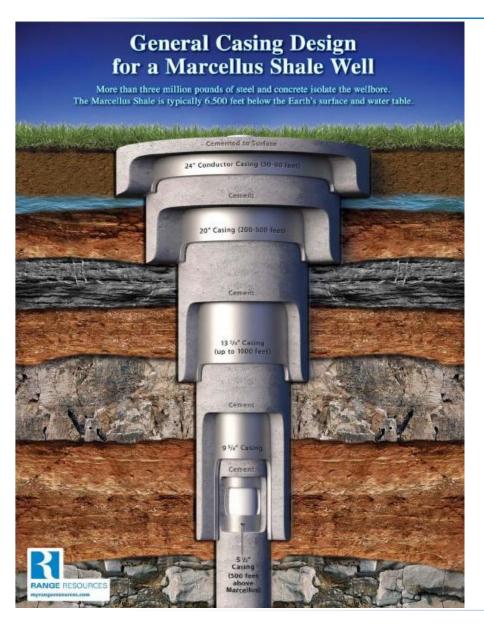
Doghouse



Drilling Pad



Well Casing



- A well is comprised of 5 strings of casing that gradually get smaller, like a telescope.
- Each string is fully cemented to the surface and allowed to set for at least 8 hours.
- Over 3 million pounds of U.S. steel and cement go into each well.

Completions



Hydraulic fracture stimulation or fracing is: the injection of fresh water and sand at high pressure, into the formation fracturing the rock and safely releasing the gas.

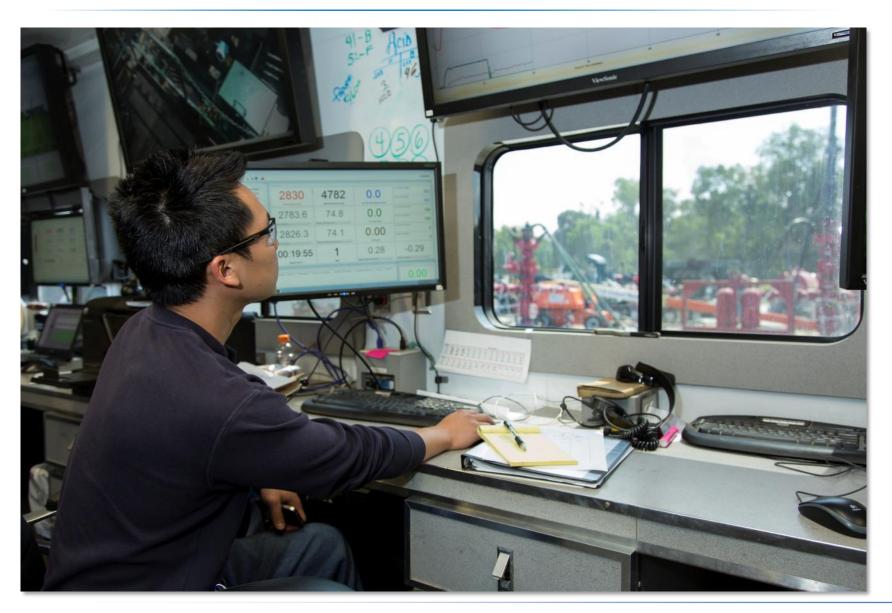
Each well is completed in stages starting at the toe of the wellbore and working out towards the heel.

A typical Marcellus frac job requires 4-5 million gallons of water per well.

Completions



Command Center

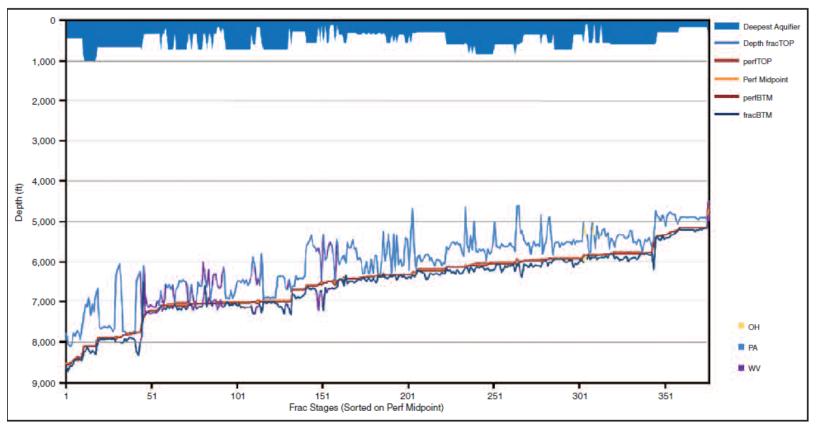


Hydraulic Fracturing

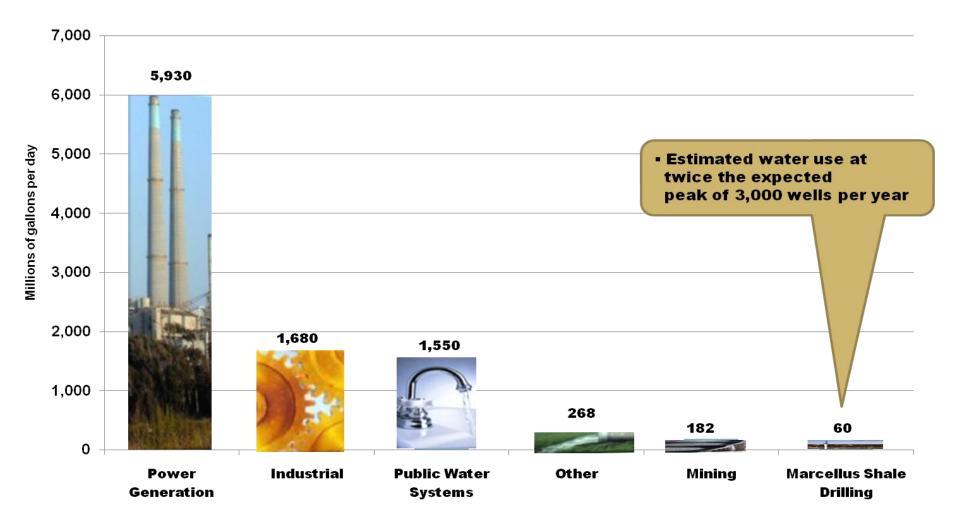


The shallowest fracture tops are still $\pm 4,500$ feet, almost one mile below the surface and thousands of feet below the aquifers.

Marcellus Shale Mapped Fracture Treatments (TVD)



Water Usage Comparison

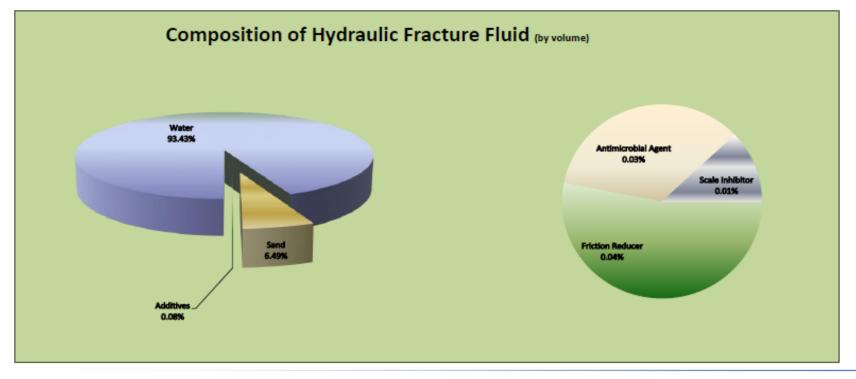


Source: USGS, Pennsylvania Water Consumption

Hydraulic Fracturing Fluid

Yute Unit #4H Completion Date: 11/29/10 - 12/7/10 Well API: 37-003-21982 Township: Frazier

	01 000 210		Township: Trazion			
% Composition of Hydraulic Fracture Fluid (by volume)						
Product Name	Additive	Purpose	Use and Dillution	Volume	Overall %	Common Uses
Water	Carrier Fluid	Creates fracture network in shale and carry proppant to the formation	Primary constituent	3,115,601 gal	9147/7	Water is the most abundant molecule on the Earth's surface
Sand	5500	Allows fractures to remain open so gas can escape	Second most common constituent, making up almost 6% of the fluid	216,599 gal	6.495%	Drinking water filtration, play sand
FRW-200	Friction Reducer		Diluted at one-half gallon per 1,000 gallons of water	1,377 gal	0.0419/	Water treatment; soil conditioner; some children's toys
MC B- 8650/Bioban			Diluted at one-half gallon per 1,000 gallons of water	0,903 gal	0.027%	Water treatment, disinfectant; sterilize medical and dental equipment and surfaces
MX 588-2	Scale Inhibitor		Diluted at one-tenth gallon per 1,000 gallons of water	313 gal	0.000%	Water treatment, household cleaners, de- icing agent



Water Impoundment



Water Transfer



Water Lines Walked Daily



Production



- Following fracing, water is flowed back and to clean out the wellbore
- Small footprint wellhead, separators, production tanks

Production



Vapor Controls

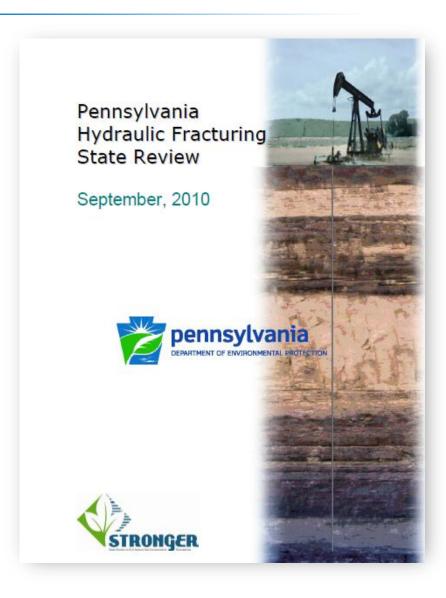




Environmental Regulations & Protections

State Review of Oil & Natural Gas
Environmental Regulations (STRONGER): state
regulators, NGOs, EPA, DOE and others —
"Pennsylvania regulations deserve 'special
merit' and among best in nation."

U.S. Secretary of Energy Advisory Board, directed by President Obama & lead by former U.S. Central Intelligence Administration director and assistant Secretary of Defense John Deutch said that many of their national recommendations were based on Pennsylvania standards



Environmental and Safety Record - Water

Despite strong results and adequate regulation, we must continue to diligently monitor air and develop improved technologies

US Environmental Protection Agency Administrator, Lisa Jackson – "I'm not aware of any proven case where the fracking process itself has affected water."

Pa DEP Oil and Gas Secretary Scott Perry – "There has never been a case of fracking fluid causing direct contamination of groundwater"

- Countless state and federal studies have reached the same conclusions
- Potential for human or mechanical errors that may result in impacted water
- According to the DEP in a letter to the Groundwater Protection Council in 2009, approximately 0.25% of all oil and gas wells may impact groundwater, typically turbidity
- Company subjected to fines, payments & legally responsible for all repairs
- None of those cases had a negative impact on health or the environment

Confirmed by researchers at the Center for Rural Pennsylvania and Penn State

Environmental and Safety Record - Air

Despite strong results and adequate regulation, we must continue to diligently monitor air and develop improved technologies

Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection – conducted a series of five-week tests using the DEP's Laboratories Mobile Analytical Unit and stated:

• "DEP finds no health threat from Marcellus air emissions."

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality – conducted a similar, but longer term and more expansive and determined:

"Air Monitors Show No Levels of Concern in Barnett Shale Area."

Texas Department of Health – conducted a series of blood and urine tests of residents and determined:

• "No negative health impacts or clusters, including cancer and abnormal levels of carcinogens beyond the general population."

City of Fort Worth – conducted a year-long air study and their report:

"Did not reveal any significant health threats"

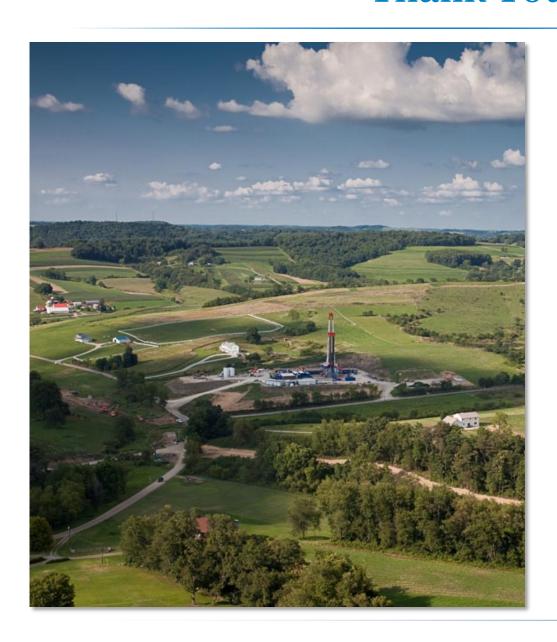
Activity



Inconveniences

- Dusty
- 24-hour operations
- Truck traffic
- Noise and lights
- Some road damages
- **Temporary**

Thank You



Additional Information:

www.rangeresources.com

www.marcelluscoalition.org